

Ariel's Song

from The Tempest by William Shakespeare

for Soprano and Piano

and

for Soprano and String quartet

In Act I, Scene ii of William Shakespeare's The Tempest, the "airy Spirit" Ariel is directed by Prospero to tell Ferdinand that his father has died in the shipwreck. the first song, "Come unto these yellow sands," invites Ferdinand to the site of the shipwreck and pay attention to the message of the next song. She then sings "Full fathom five thy father lies" telling of his father's death. Shakespeare adds a somewhat comforting idea that, through a "sea-change" his father has become "something rich and strange." This is the origin of the term "sea-change."

1. *Come unto these yellow sands*
2. *Full fathom five thy father lies*

By

Carleton Macy

ASCAP

Composed for soprano, Laura Anderson, and pianist, Pauline Troia

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Re-scored for Soprano and string quartet at the request of Laura Anderson.

Ariel's Song

From Shakespeare's The Tempest (c. 1610). These two songs appear early in the first act when Prospero directs Ariel (the sprite) to tell Ferdinand that his father has died in the shipwreck. The first song is like an invitation to come to the site of the shipwreck and pay attention to the message of the next song; the second song tells of his father's death, ending with the somewhat comforting idea that, through a "sea-change" his father has become "something rich and strange." This is the origin of the term "sea-change"

(Ariel) **Come unto these yellow sands** And then take hands.

Curtsied when you have, and kissed The wild waves whist.

Foot it feately here and there, And, sweet sprites, bear

The burden, Hark, hark! (Spirits) Bow-wow. (Ariel) The watchdogs bark

(Spirits) Bow-wow (Ariel) Hark, hark! I hear

The strain of strutting chanticleer Cry "Cock-a-diddle-dow"

-(Ferdinand enters)

(Ariel) **Full fathom five thy father lies;**

Of his bones are coral made; Those are pearls that were his eyes;

Nothing of him that does fade, But doth suffer a sea-change

Into something rich and strange.

Sea-nymphs hourly ring his knell, Ding-dong,

Hark! Now I hear them Ding-dong, bell.

Ariel's Song

Carleton Macy

1. Come unto these Yellow Sands

Moderato ($\text{♩} = \text{c. } 90$) *f*

Soprano Come,
 Come,
 Come un - to theses yel - low

Moderato ($\text{♩} = \text{c. } 90$)

Violin I
 $f < fp$ $< fp$ $< fp$
 Violin II
 $f < fp$ $< fp$ $< fp$
 Viola
 $f < fp$ $< fp$ $< fp$
 Cello
 $f < fp$ $< fp$ $< fp$

4

S sands and then take hands

4

Vln. I
 f fp f p
 Vln. II
 f fp f p
 Vla.
 f fp f p
 Vc.
 f fp f p

1. Come unto these Yellow Sands

2

7 *mp*

S: Curt-sied when you have, *p* and Kissed the wild waves whist,

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc. *p*

This section shows the vocal line and accompaniment for the first two staves. The soprano sings 'Curt-sied when you have,' followed by a melodic line with grace notes and a fermata. The accompaniment consists of the strings playing eighth-note patterns. Measure 10 begins with a dynamic change to *p*.

10 *rit.*

S: foot it feat - ly here and there; *rit.*

Vln. I *p*

Vln. II *p*

Vla. *pizz.* *ten.*

Vc. *pizz. ten.* *p*

This section continues the vocal line with 'foot it feat - ly here and there;' and includes dynamic markings for the strings. The violins play sixteenth-note patterns, while the viola and cello provide harmonic support with pizzicato and sustained notes. Measures 11 and 12 show further developments in the string parts, leading back to a piano dynamic in measure 13.

1. Come unto these Yellow Sands

3

13 *meno mosso* *p*

S - and - sweet - sprites -

13 *meno mosso*

Vln. I - - - - - *a tempo* *p*

Vln. II - - - - - *p*

Vla. - - - - - arco *p*

Vc. - - - - - arco *p*

16

S - - - - - the bur - then bear - - - - - *Hark*

Vln. I - - - - - *f*

Vln. II - - - - - *f* *fp*

Vla. - - - - - *fp*

Vc. - - - - - *fp*

1. Come unto these Yellow Sands

19

Soprano (S) vocal line with lyrics: "Hark bow-wow, bow-wow, bow-wow, bow-wow,"

Violin I (Vln. I) playing eighth-note patterns with dynamic *mf*.

Violin II (Vln. II) playing eighth-note patterns with dynamic *mf*.

Cello (Vcl.) playing eighth-note patterns with dynamic *mf* and pizzicato (pizz.) markings.

22

Soprano (S) vocal line with lyrics: "the watch dog barks bow-wow, bow-wow, bow-wow, bow-wow!"

Violin I (Vln. I) playing eighth-note patterns with dynamic *mp*, followed by *mf* and *f*.

Violin II (Vln. II) playing eighth-note patterns with dynamic *mf* and *f*.

Cello (Vcl.) playing eighth-note patterns with dynamics *mf* and *f*, and arco markings.

1. Come unto these Yellow Sands

5

25

Soprano (S) vocal line with lyrics: "Hark, Hark, I hear the strain of strut - ing chan - ti - clear Cry". The vocal part includes slurs and grace notes.

Vln. I (Violin I)

Vln. II (Violin II)

Vla. (Cello)

Vc. (Bass)

29

Soprano (S) vocal line with lyrics: "Cock - a - did - dle - dow cry Cock - a - did - dle - dow! Attacca (after a 5 sec. break)". The vocal part includes slurs and grace notes.

Vln. I (Violin I)

Vln. II (Violin II)

Vla. (Cello)

Vc. (Bass)

Score

2. Full fathom five thy father lies

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Moderato con forza (c. 90)

rit. *a tempo* rit. *a tempo*

Soprano

Violin I

Violin II

Viola

Cello

ff

ff

ff

ff

4 rit. *a tempo* rit.

S

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

mf

2. Full fathom five thy father lies

Poco moderato ($\text{♩} = \text{c. 78}$)

8

Soprano (S) vocal line:

rit. $\frac{3}{4}$ time signature. Notes: - (rest), $\frac{3}{4}$ note, $\frac{3}{4}$ note, f dynamic, $\frac{2}{4}$ time signature. Text: Full fa - thom five _____ Thy

a tempo

Poco moderato ($\text{♩} = \text{c. 78}$)

8

Violin I (Vln. I) vocal line:

rit. $\frac{3}{4}$ time signature. Dynamics: *mf*, *mf*. Text: *a tempo*

Violin II (Vln. II) vocal line:

$\frac{3}{4}$ time signature. Dynamics: *mf*, *mp*. Text: *a tempo*

Cello (Vla.) vocal line:

$\frac{3}{4}$ time signature. Dynamics: *mf*, *mp*. Text: *a tempo*

Bassoon (Vc.) vocal line:

$\frac{3}{4}$ time signature. Dynamics: *mp*. Text: *a tempo*

12

Soprano (S) vocal line:

$\frac{2}{4}$ time signature. Dynamics: *mp*. Text: fa - ther lies _____ Full fa - thom five _____ Thy fa - ther lies _____

Violin I (Vln. I) vocal line:

$\frac{2}{4}$ time signature. Dynamics: *mp*. Text: *a tempo*

Violin II (Vln. II) vocal line:

$\frac{2}{4}$ time signature. Dynamics: *p*. Text: *a tempo*

Cello (Vla.) vocal line:

$\frac{2}{4}$ time signature. Dynamics: *p*. Text: *a tempo*

Bassoon (Vc.) vocal line:

$\frac{2}{4}$ time signature. Dynamics: *p*. Text: *a tempo*

2. Full fathom five thy father lies

3

18

Soprano (S) vocal line with lyrics: "of his bones are cor-al made, Those are pearls that were his eyes,"

18

Violin I (Vln. I), Violin II (Vln. II), Cello (Vcl.), Bassoon (Vla.)

rit.

23

Soprano (S) vocal line with lyrics: "No - thing of him that does fade _____ but doth suf - fer a sea _____"

rubato (like a recitative)

23

Violin I (Vln. I), Violin II (Vln. II), Cello (Vcl.), Bassoon (Vla.)

rubato (like a recitative)

2. Full fathom five thy father lies

27 ***pp*** *Meno mosso (♩=c. 66)*

S change, _____ a sea _____ change _____ a

27 *Meno mosso (♩=c. 66)*

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

pp

pp

pp

pp

pp

31 *rit.*

S sea _____ change _____ in - to some - thing rich _____ and _____

31 *rit.*

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

3

3

3

3

p

p

p

36 **Piu meno mosso ($\text{♩}=\text{c. } 102$)**

Soprano (S) 3/8 time signature, note values: .
 Vln. I 3/8 time signature, dynamic: *p*.
 Vln. II 3/8 time signature, dynamic: *pp*.
 Vla. 3/8 time signature, dynamic: *pp*, pizz.
 Vc. 3/8 time signature, dynamic: *pp*.

strange.

41 ***rit.*** ***a tempo***

Soprano (S) 3/8 time signature, dynamic: *mp*.
 Vln. I 3/8 time signature, dynamic: *pp*.
 Vln. II 3/8 time signature, dynamic: *pp*.
 Vla. 3/8 time signature, dynamic: *pp*.
 Vc. 3/8 time signature, dynamic: *pp*.

rit. sea - nymphs *a tempo*

arco

2. Full fathom five thy father lies

46

Soprano (S) vocal line:

ho - ur-ly ring his knell: _____ sea -

46

Violin I (Vln. I), Violin II (Vln. II), Cello (Vc.), and Bassoon (Vla.) instrumental parts:

52

Soprano (S) vocal line:

nymphs ho - ur-ly ring his knell: _____ Ding -

52

Violin I (Vln. I), Violin II (Vln. II), Cello (Vc.), and Bassoon (Vla.) instrumental parts:

2. Full fathom five thy father lies

7

58

Soprano (S) vocal line:

- Measure 1: Three eighth-note chords labeled "Dong", "Ding", and "Dong".
- Measure 2: Two eighth-note chords labeled "Hark!" followed by a fermata.
- Measure 3: Two eighth-note chords labeled "Hark!" followed by a fermata.

Violin I (Vln. I), Violin II (Vln. II), Cello (Vcl.), and Double Bass (Vla.) play eighth-note patterns throughout the measures.

64

Soprano (S) vocal line:

- Measure 1: "now I hear them." followed by a fermata.
- Measure 2: "Ding" followed by a fermata.

Violin I (Vln. I), Violin II (Vln. II), Cello (Vcl.), and Double Bass (Vla.) play eighth-note patterns throughout the measures.

2. Full fathom five thy father lies

69

S > > - dong _____

Vln. I ding, Ding - dong _____

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

74 *p*

S bell _____

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.